Polarimeter to Unify the Corona and Heliosphere



PUNCH Science Meeting August 9, 2021 My House



WG 1B Overview

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Working Group 1B

- PUNCH determines how much and what types of mesoscale structures are solar in origin, and how much and what types develops en route
- Answering these questions is important for:
 - providing critical insight into where and how kinetic energy becomes available to drive a turbulent cascade
 - understanding the solar wind variability impacting Earth's magnetosphere and other inner planets



PUNCH Timescales



From Bruno & Carbone 2005, Living Reviews in Solar Physics

DUDCH

PUNCH Spatial Scales

10 STEREO-A/COR2 L8: 2014-04-14 01:06 UT 1.4 9.5 10 Apparent Solar-Y (R_O) 9 1.2 -iltered radiance (x10⁻⁸ $B_{\odot} R_{\odot}^3$) Solar-Y (Apparent Solar Radii) 0.6 3 8.5 04 1 8 -10 -5 0 10 Solar-X (Apparent R_O) 0.8 7.5 STEREO-A/COR2 L8: 2014-04-14 01:06 UT Earth's Dayside 10 7 0.6 Magnetosphere Apparent Solar-Y (R_O) approximately to scale 6.5 0.4 0.4 2 6 0.2 6 7 10 5.5 Solar-X (Apparent Ro) DeForest et al. 2018 5 0 5.5 8.5 9.5 10 6 6.5 7.5 5 7 8 9

L8: 2014-04-14T00:41:00.005

Solar-X (Apparent Solar Radii)

1 Solar Radii = 0.25 degrees

PUNCH resolution requirement inner is 3' ~ 140 Mm

140 Mm advecting at 400 km/s = 350s (6 minutes)-> well matched to temporal resolution

STEREO has Observed Ample Evidence of Structures from the Corona and Structures formed en Route



DeForest, Matthaeus, Viall & Cranmer 2016

Mesoscale structures in the solar wind are injected/imposed from the Sun, and generated en route through turbulence/dynamics



Viall, DeForest & Kepko, Mesoscale Structures in the Solar Wind, Frontiers

PUNCH fills in the missing coverage and resolution of mesoscales

Viall, DeForest & Kepko, Mesoscale Structures in the Solar Wind, Frontiers

WG1b Overview: Nicholeen Viall

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PUNCH can embrace this opportunity to finally enable an understanding of the complex, 3D, time-dynamic solar wind

Viall, DeForest & Kepko, Mesoscale Structures in the Solar Wind, Frontiers



Analysis: Tools and Measurements

Properties to Measure:

Velocity – bulk, flow shears, and compression and rarefaction fronts Density – relative changes, and absolute mass Scale sizes – distribution, characteristic, anisotropies, 3D Location – 3D

Tools:

Fourier spectra Structure Functions Auto-correlation Image deblurring Photometric mass Polarization (3D) Flow mapping By eye – i.e. the brute force approach (event studies only)

Tools can be applied to measure these properties for in-depth event studies as well as statistical studies investigating how the properties evolve with distance from the Sun (solar wind advection) and from one solar rotation to next

WG1B Intra-PUNCH Synergies

- WG1A: How is the development of the turbulent cascade, growth and evolution of structures from the corona, and interaction between structures tied to the velocity field?
- WG1C: How do the characteristics of turbulence relate to the Alfven surface?
- WG2: How often/under what conditions/on what size scales are the upstream solar wind structures swept up and amplified by compression regions from CIRs, SIRs and CMEs?
- WG2: How often/under what conditions/on what size scales do compression regions from CIRs, SIRs, and CMEs generate new waves and structures?

Synergies with Other Missions/Data/Models

- PUNCH-WL overlapping image plane comparisons including polarimetry to test 3D aspects of mesoscale structures
- PUNCH-in situ collocated comparisons for understanding the relationship between mesoscale structures and variability in N, V, T and B
- PUNCH-in situ L1/Earth for quantifying geoeffectiveness of mesoscale structures
- PUNCH-remote (WL/EUV) below 5 Rsun to determine solar sources
- Models, models, models