

Surfing Tropical Waves in the Lower Stratosphere: Inferences on Waves and Winds from Long-Duration Super-Pressure Balloons and Balloon-borne Radio Occultation Profiles

M. Joan Alexander¹, Jennifer Haase², Martina Bramberger¹, Bing Cao², Albert Hertzog³, Aurelien Podglajen³, Robert Vincent⁴

¹NWRA-Boulder, ²Scripps Institution of Oceanography, ³Laboratoire de Meteorologie Dynamique, ⁴University of Adelaide

BACKGROUND

Motivation: Short Vertical Wavelength Tropical Waves

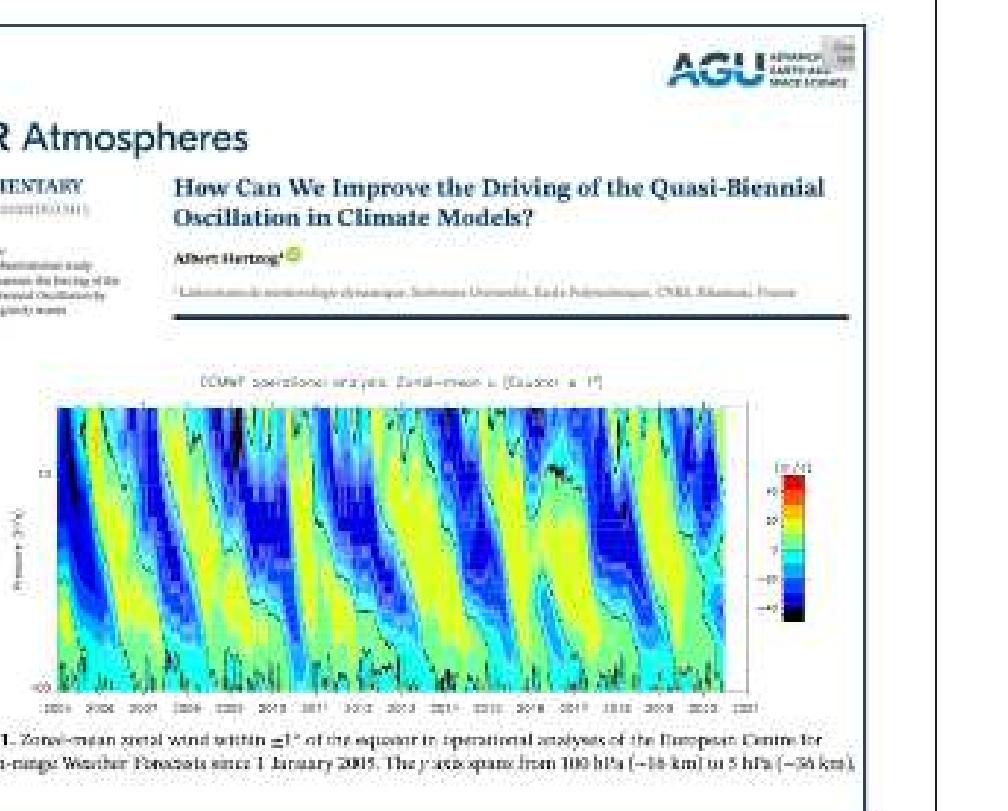
...have important climate influences:

- Quasi-Biennial Oscillation (QBO) teleconnections modulate tropical precipitation and Northern winter weather patterns [e.g. Gray et al. 2018]

Recent results highlight:

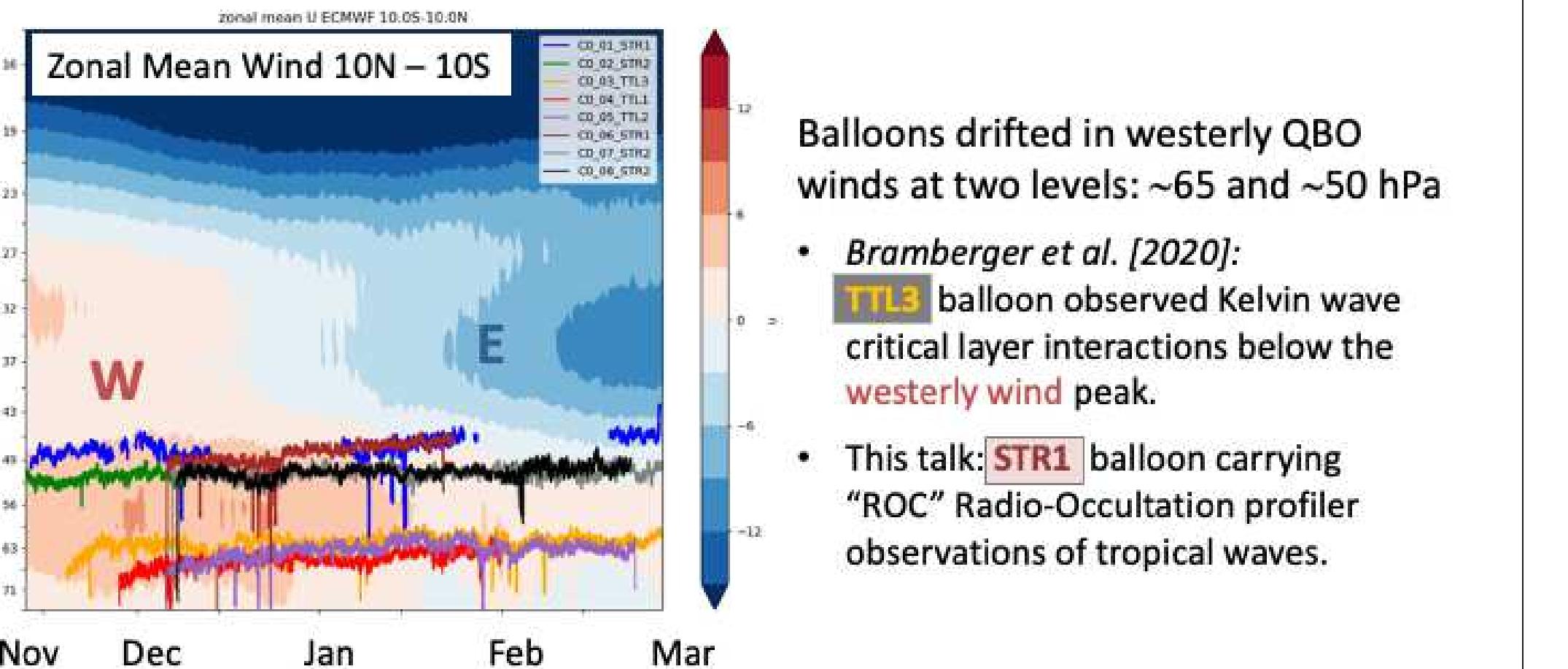
- Large-scale tropical gravity waves drive the lower stratospheric QBO near wave critical levels where $\lambda_z \rightarrow 0$ [Vincent & Alexander 2020; Hertzog 2020]
- Dissipation closer to critical levels gives larger forces:

$$\text{Force} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\delta \text{Flux}}{\delta z}$$
- QBOs in models are too weak at 50hPa [Bushell et al. 2020]

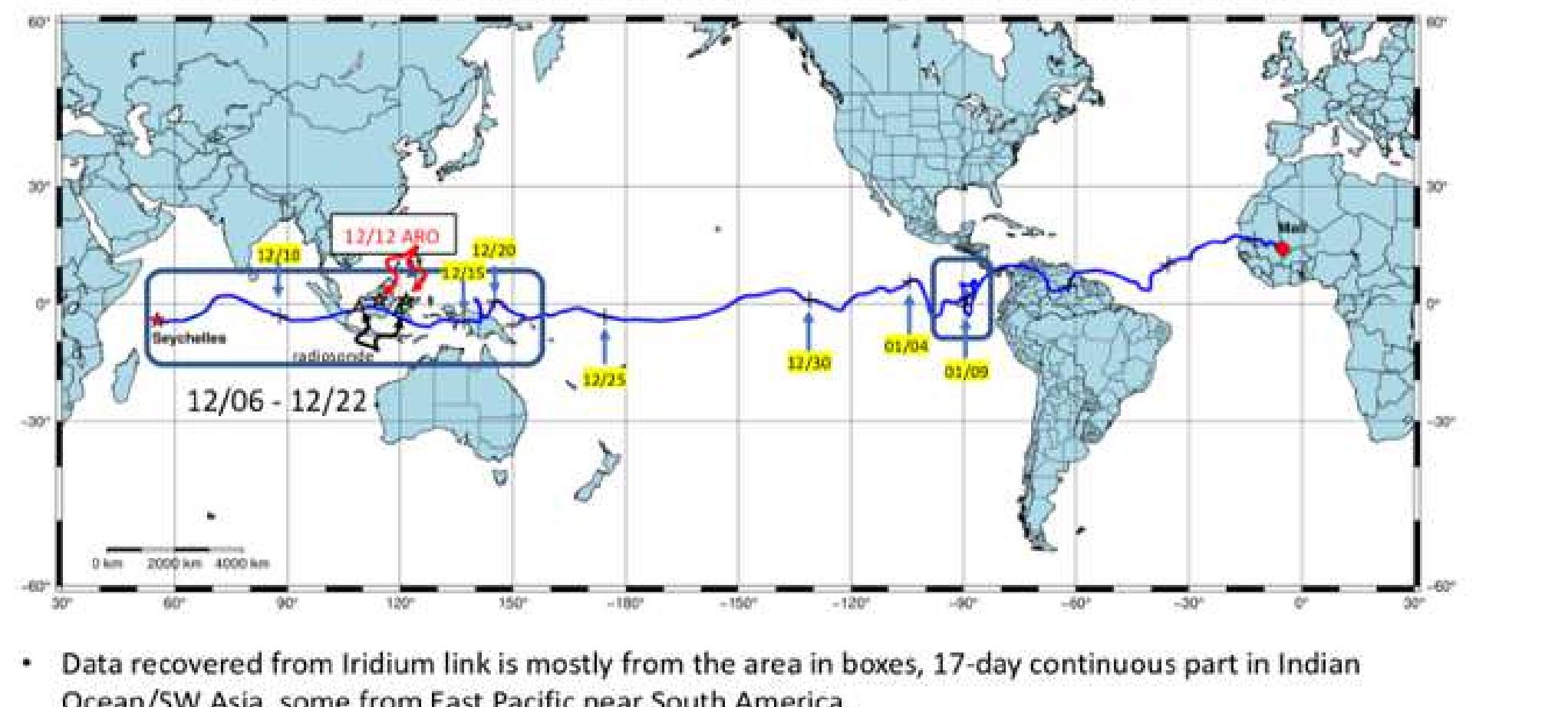


2019-2020 Strato-2:

8 Balloon Flights in the lower stratosphere

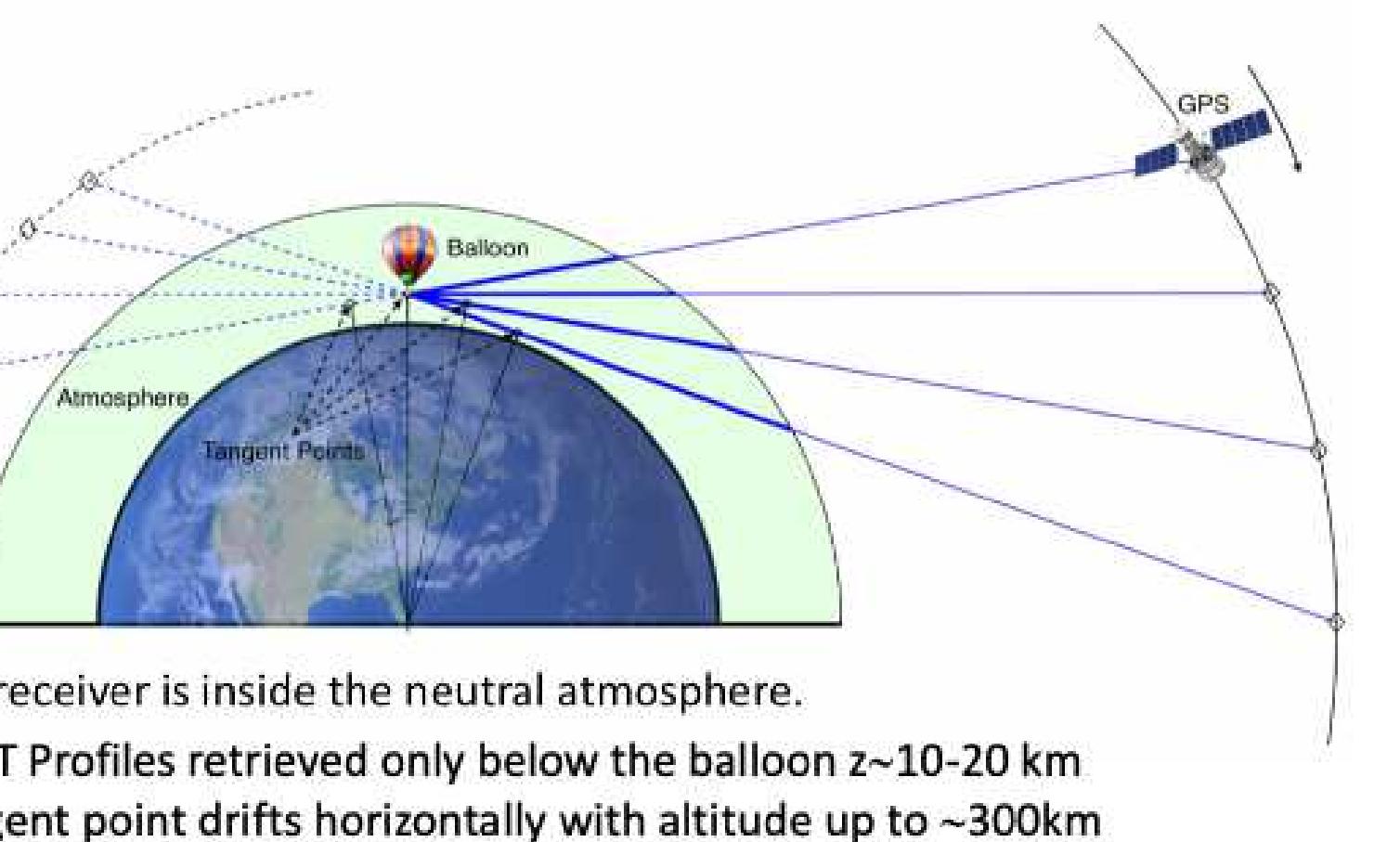


Radio-Occultation ("ROC") Temperature Profiles from the Strato-2 Superpressure Balloon Flight 12/6/19-2/1/20

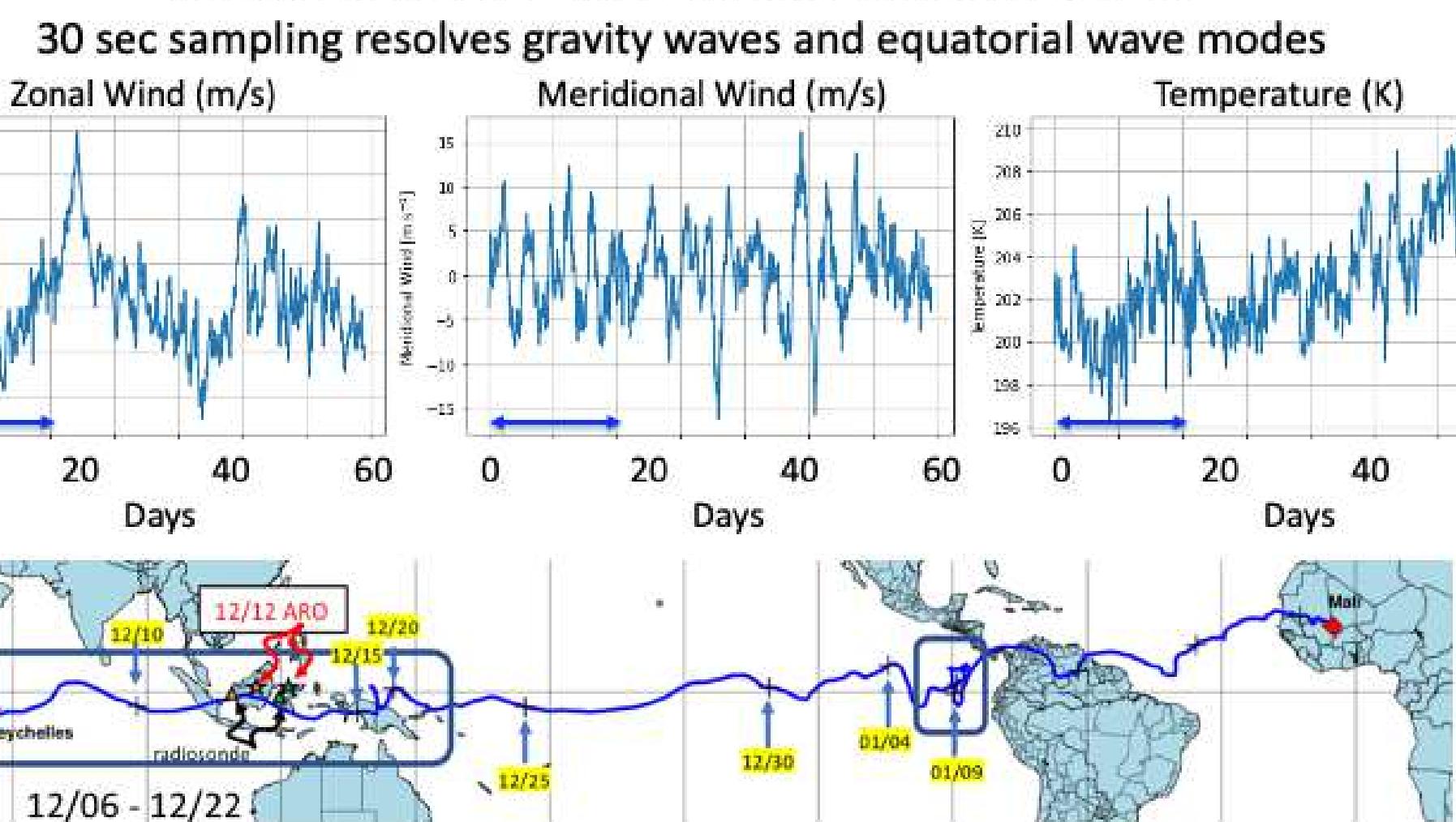


MEASUREMENTS

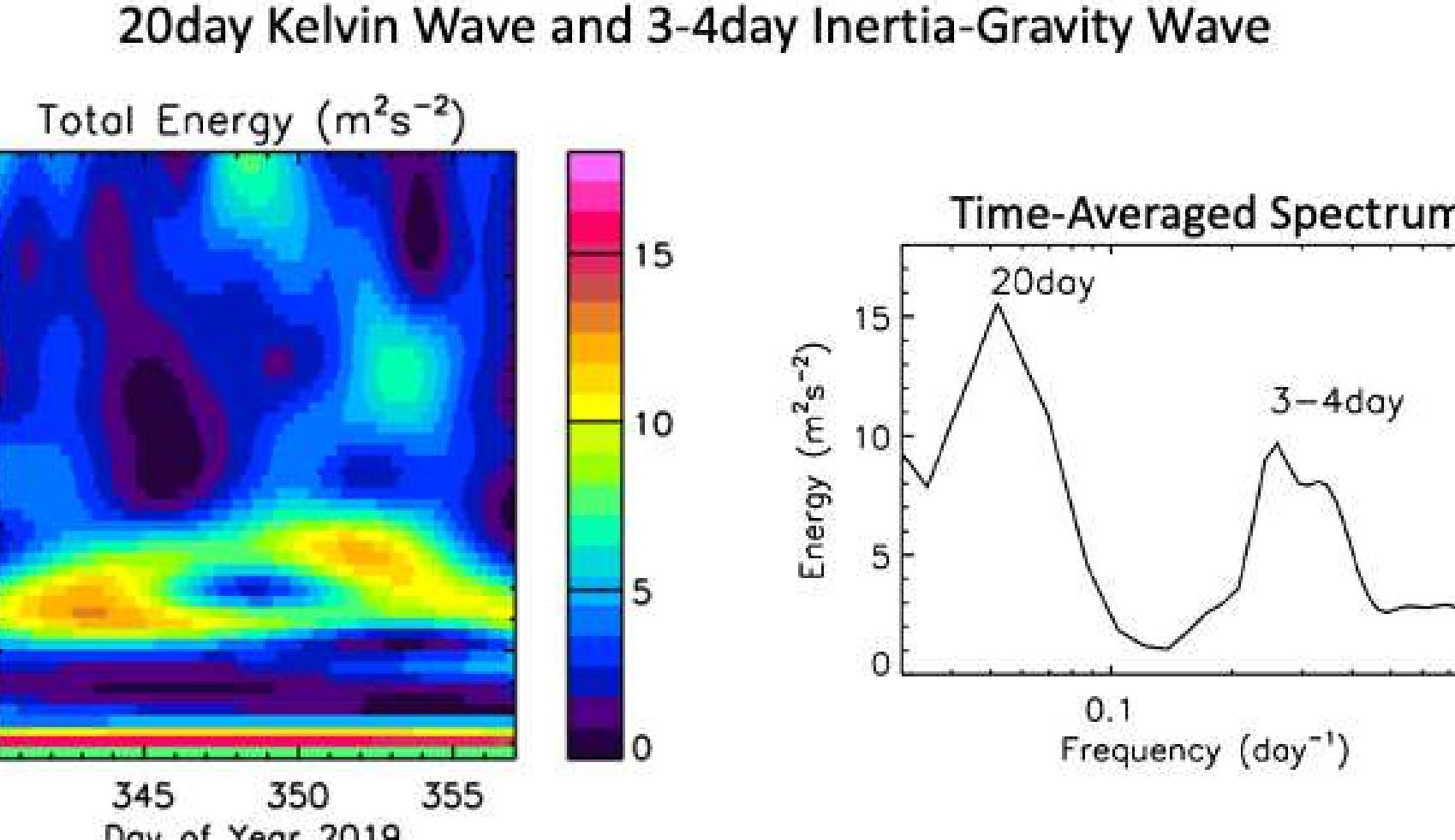
Balloon-borne RO



Balloon in situ measurements

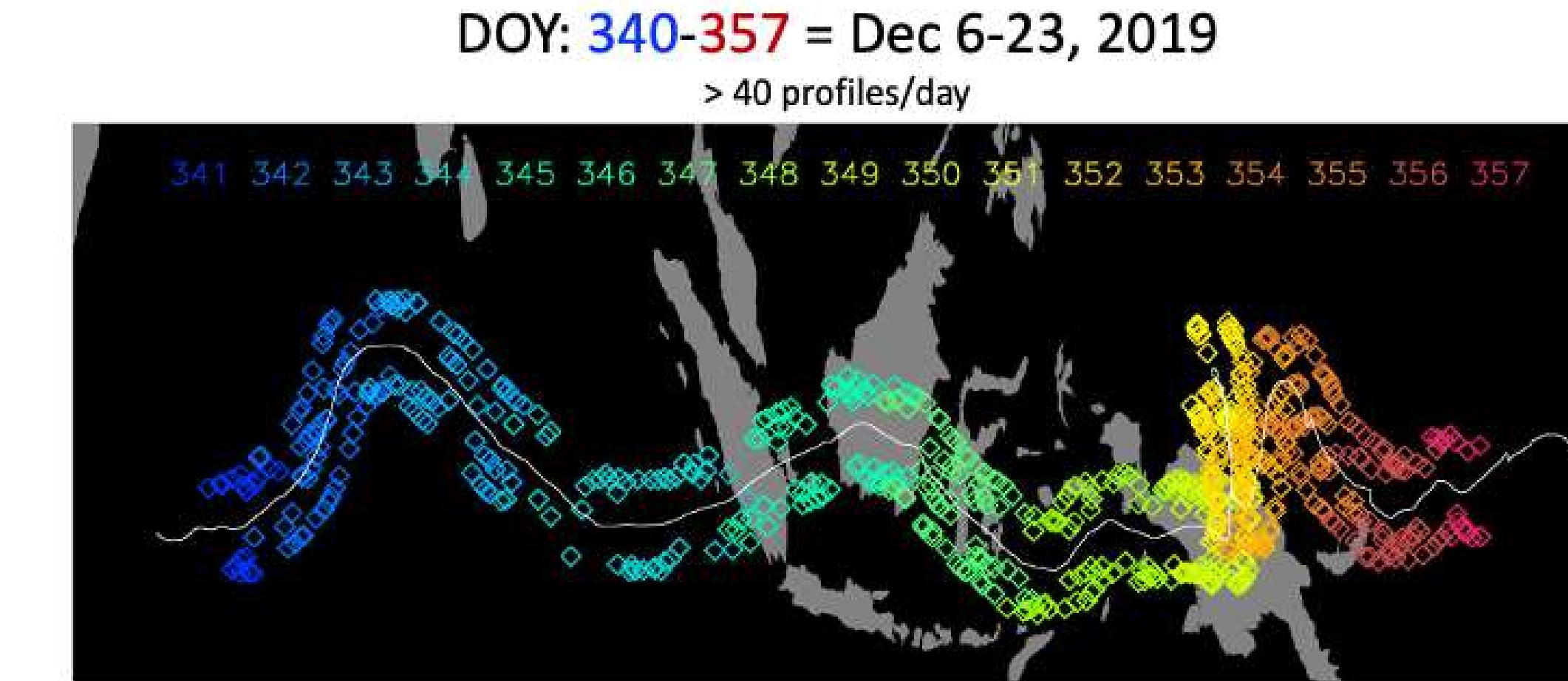


S-Transform KE+PE Spectrum

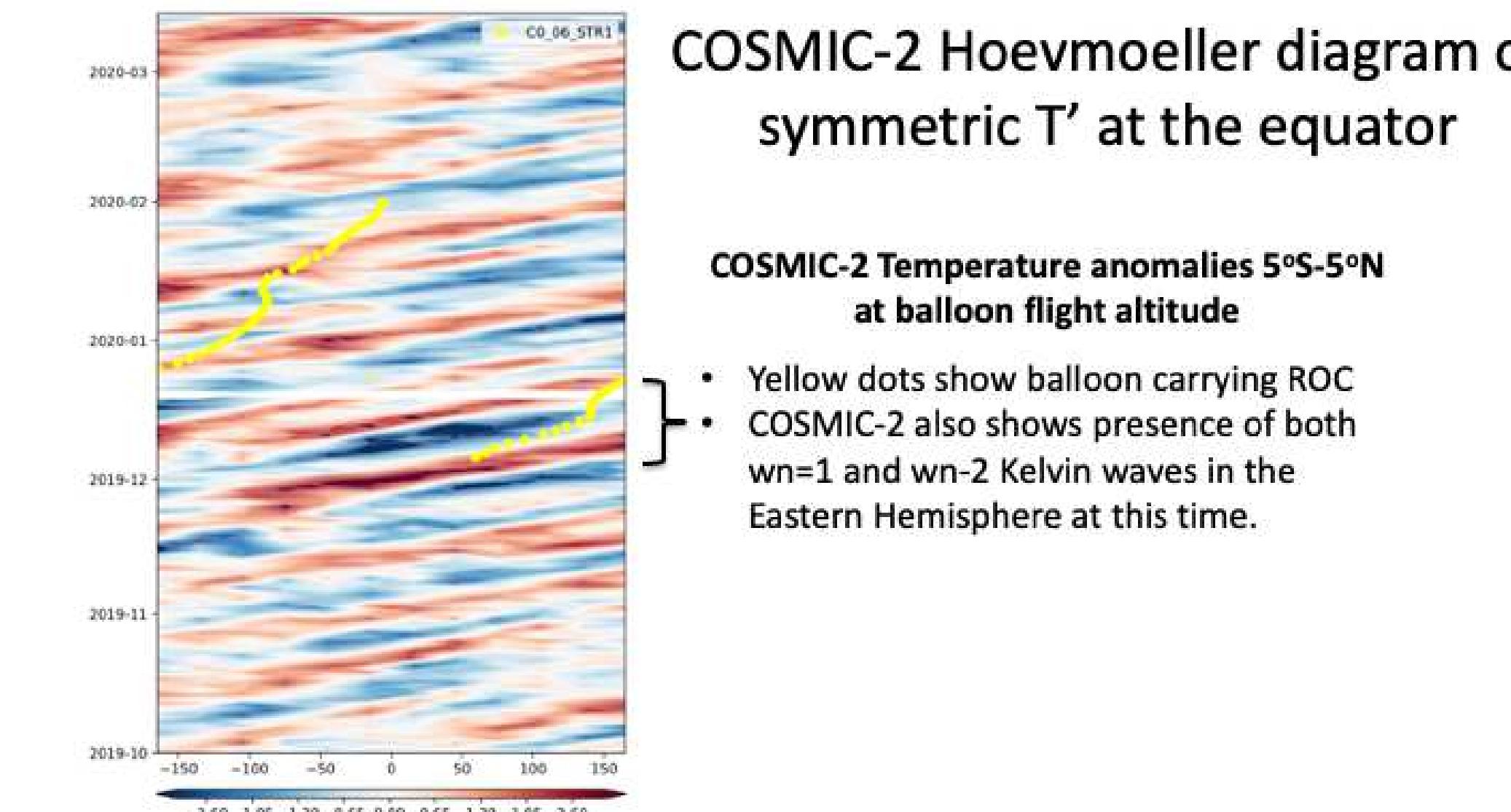


RESULTS

ROC Tropopause Tangent Points

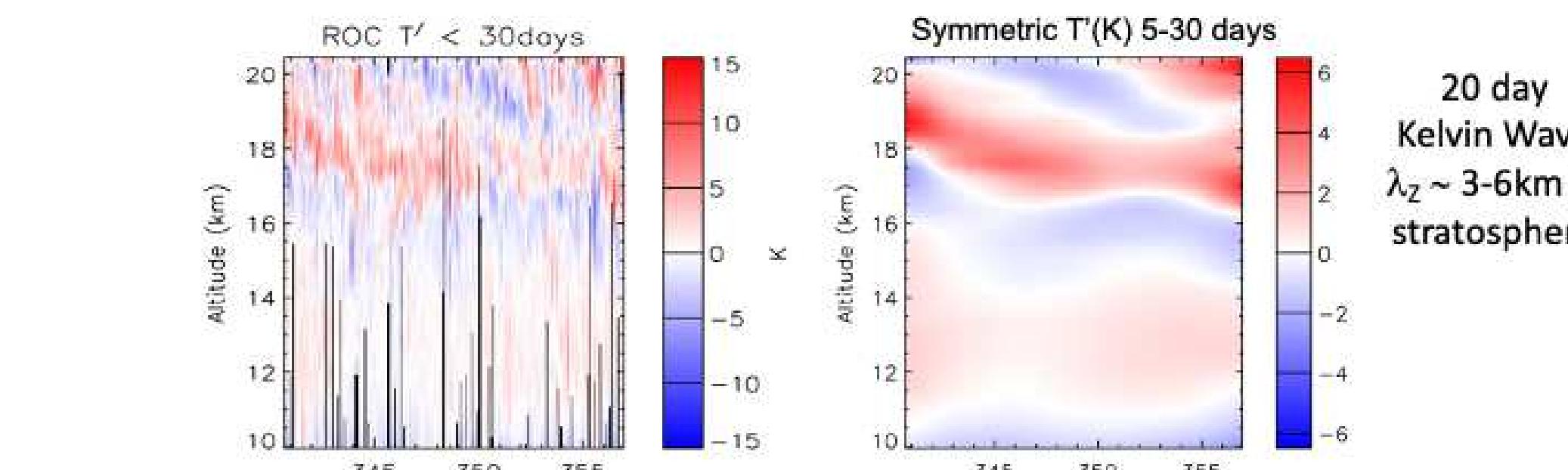


COSMIC-2 Hoevmoeller diagram of symmetric T' at the equator



Temperature anomalies T'(K)

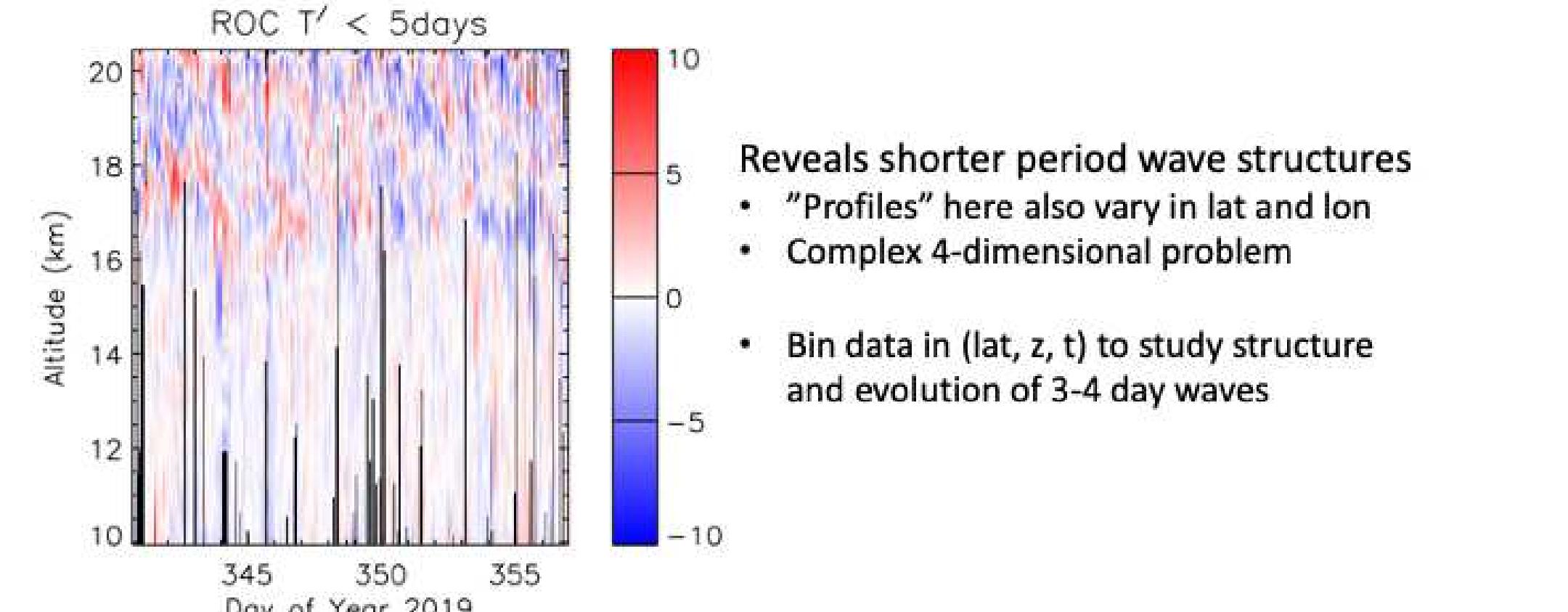
anomalies from 30-day 10°x5° avg COSMIC-2 RO profiles



- Kelvin wave analysis suggests global scale, horizontal $wn=1+2$
- Fast intrinsic phase speeds, 23 and 11.6 m/s
- Also seen globally in COSMIC-2 at these altitudes

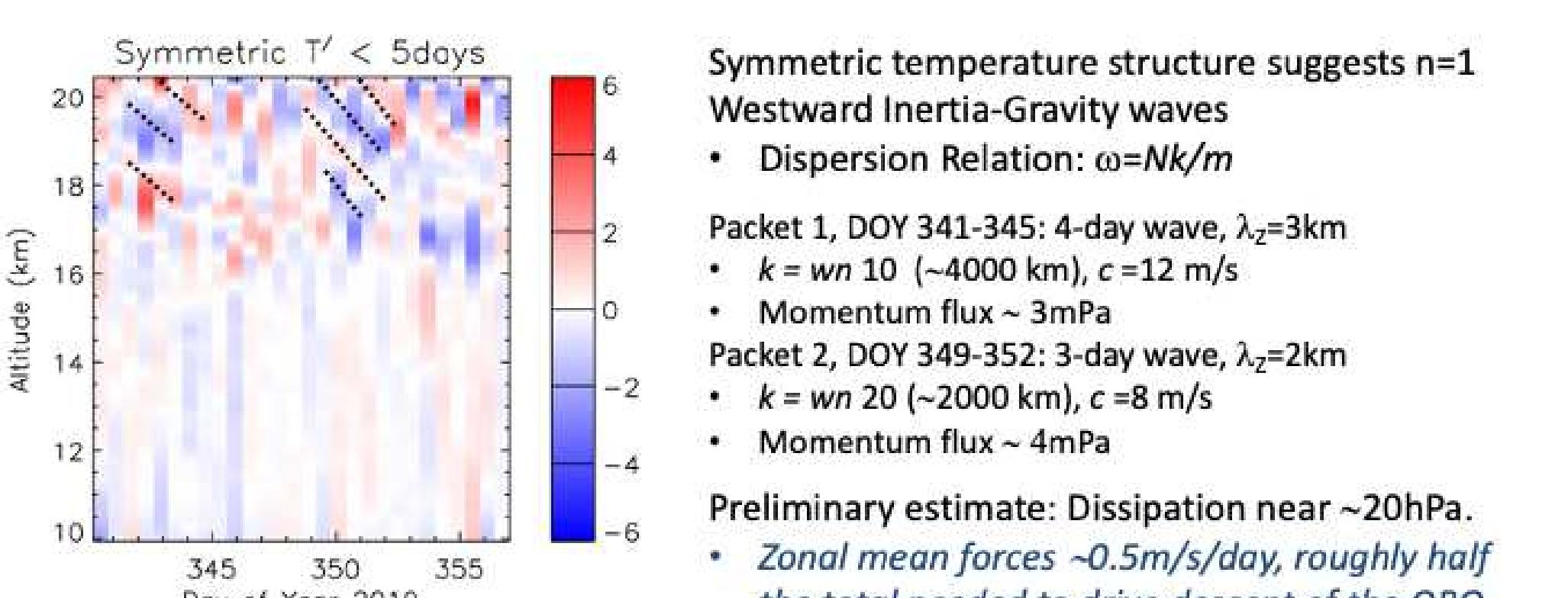
Temperature anomalies T'(K)

Residual after removal of 5-30 day signals



Temperature anomalies T'(K)

Analysis of Inertia-Gravity Wave 3-4 day signals



Summary

- ROC temperature profiles reveal Kelvin and Inertia-Gravity waves with vertical wavelengths as short as 2km and large-to-global horizontal scales.
- Super-pressure balloon data are providing new evidence for wave-mean flow interactions very close to critical levels ($\lambda_z \rightarrow 0$), giving large momentum forces on the QBO. [Vincent & Alexander 2020; Hertzog 2020; Bramberger et al. 2020]
- Global atmospheric models under-resolve these stratospheric critical level interactions. Waves dissipate at lower altitudes, giving smaller momentum forces, and misrepresentation of the QBO.